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Amendments To The Claims

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings of claims in the application. Please amend claims 1-5, 12, 31-35, 41, 56, 58 and 60 as follows:

(Currently Amended) A method of storing data in a database, [the method] 1. comprising [the steps of]:

obtaining both a protocol encoded raw form of a data to be stored and a syntax-[normalised] normalized form of said data; and

storing concurrently in at least two tables both the syntax-[normalised] normalized form and the protocol encoded raw form of said data.

(Currently Amended) A method of storing data in a database, as claimed in claim 2. 1, wherein said obtaining [step] comprises:

first obtaining a protocol encoded raw form of a data and thereafter generating said syntax-[normalised] normalized form from said protocol encoded raw form of the data.

(Currently Amended) A method of storing data in a database, as claimed in claim 3. 1, wherein said storing [step] comprises:

maintaining both the syntax-[normalised] normalized form and the protocol encoded raw form of the data for data base searching and data retrieval.

(Currently Amended) A method of storing data in a database, as claimed in claim 4. 3, wherein said maintaining [step] comprises maintaining said protocol encoded raw form and syntax-[normalised] normalized form of a data in at least two tables [concurrently].

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- 5. (Currently Amended) A method of storing data in a database, as claimed in claim 4, wherein said maintaining [step] further comprises correlating the storage location of said protocol encoded raw form and said normalized form in said at least [one] two tables.
- 6. (Withdrawn) A method of storing data in a database, as claimed in claim 2, wherein said generating step comprises:

applying directory service attribute syntax rules to the raw data.

- 7. (Withdrawn) A method of enabling data to be arranged and/or stored in a database used in a directory service system, the method including the steps of:
 - a. applying directory service attribute syntaxes rules to the data, and
 - b. creating a normalised form of the data.
- 8. (Withdrawn) A method of enabling data to be arranged and/or stored in a database as claimed in claim 7, further comprising:
- c. storing said data and the normalised form of the data concurrently in at least one table.
- 9. (Withdrawn) A method of enabling data to be arranged and/or stored in a database as claimed in clam 8, wherein said at least one table comprises a plurality of columns and a plurality of rows, and said storing step comprises storing said data and said normalised form of the data in related locations.

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- 10. (Withdrawn) A method of enabling data to be arranged and/or stored in a database as claimed in claim 9, wherein said locations in a table are related by being in a common row.
- 11. (Withdrawn) A method of enabling data to be arranged and/or stored in a database as claimed in claim 8, wherein said at least one table comprises a HIERARCHY table and an OBJECT table.
- 12. (Currently Amended) A method of locating data in a database, wherein said data is stored in at least two tables in a protocol encoded raw form and linked to a concurrently stored syntax-[normalised] normalized form of the data, comprising [the step of]:

locating said protocol encoded raw data by searching on said syntax-[normalised] normalized form of the data.

- 13. (Withdrawn) A method of locating data in a database, as claimed in claim 12, wherein said searching is performed using SQL.
- 14. (Withdrawn) A method of locating data in a database, as claimed in claim 12, wherein said searching is performed on an OBJECT table, comprising a plurality of columns and a plurality of rows.
- 15. (Withdrawn) A method of locating data in a database, as claimed in claim 14, further comprising for a data entry:

specifying an attribute ID (AID), said AID being stored in a first one of said plurality of

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columns and in a predetermined row;

storing an entry ID (EID), said EID being stored in a second one of said plurality of columns and in said predetermined row;

storing a normalised form of said data entry in a third one of said plurality of columns and in said predetermined row.

- 16. (Withdrawn) A method of formatting a find request for a database having stored therein objects including attributes each having a type and value(s), the method including:
 - a. creating a database representation of the type (AID), and
 - b. creating a database representation of the value(s) (NORM).
- 17. (Withdrawn) A method as claimed in claim 16, wherein step a. is performed by looking up an ATTRIBUTE table.
- 18. (Withdrawn) A method as claimed in claim 16, wherein step b. is performed by applying syntax normalization.
- 19. (Withdrawn) A method of locating objects stored in a database, the method comprising the step of applying AID and NORM to determine a matching object (EID), wherein the method of claim 16 is used to determine AID and / or NORM
- 20. (Withdrawn) A method of locating objects stored in a database, the method comprising the step of applying AID and NORM to determine a matching object (EID), wherein the method of claim 17 is used to determine AID and / or NORM

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- 21. (Withdrawn) A method of locating objects stored in a database, the method comprising the step of applying AID and NORM to determine a matching object (EID), wherein the method of claim 18 is used to determine AID and / or NORM
- 22. (Withdrawn) A method of locating objects stored in a database, the method comprising the step of applying AID and NORM to determine a matching object (EID).
- 23. (Withdrawn) A method as claimed in claim 22 wherein the step of applying is performed using SQL.
- 24. (Withdrawn) A method of retrieving contents of object(s) from a database, the method including the step of:
 - a. finding row(s) which match a predetermined EID(s).
 - 25. (Withdrawn) A method as claimed in claim 24, further including the step of:
 - b. returning from the row(s), EID, AID and a raw form.
 - 26. (Withdrawn) A method as claimed in claim 25, further including the step of:
- c. converting the result of step b. into objects containing attribute(s), each attribute having a type and value(s).
- 27. (Withdrawn) A method of providing data as an output from a database, the output being in response to a directory service/query, the method comprising the steps of:

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processing said directory service/query to identify said data in the database; and providing as the output, a raw form of the data.

- 28. (Withdrawn) A method of providing data as an output from a database, as claimed in claim 27, wherein said processing step is based on other than said raw data.
- 29. (Withdrawn) A method of providing data as an output from a database, as claimed in claim 28, wherein said processing step comprises a comparison of data directly corresponding to said raw data but in normalised form.
- 30. (Withdrawn) In a directory service system, having a database in which data is stored in a first form, and a second form, being a normalised form, a method of transferring data into and out of the database, the method including the steps of:

finding data in the database using a normalised form; and transferring data out of the database using a raw form.

- 31. (Currently Amended) A database apparatus comprising:
- means for obtaining both a protocol encoded raw form of a data to be stored and a syntax-[normalised] normalized form of said data; and
- a storage medium for storing concurrently in at least two tables both the syntax-[normalised] normalized form and the protocol encoded raw form of said data.
- 32. (Currently Amended) A database apparatus for storing data in a database, as claimed in claim 31, wherein said means for obtaining comprises:

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means for first obtaining a protocol encoded raw form of a data and thereafter generating said syntax-[normalised] normalized form from said protocol encoded raw form of the data.

- 33. (Currently Amended) A database apparatus for storing data in a database. As claimed in claim 31, wherein said storage medium is operative to maintain both the syntax-[normalised] normalized form and the protocol encoded raw form of the data for data base searching and data retrieval.
- 34. (Currently Amended) A database apparatus for storing data in a database, as claimed in claim 33, wherein said storage medium is operative to maintain said protocol encoded raw form and syntax-[normalised] <u>normalized</u> form of a data in at least two tables.
- 35. (Currently Amended) A database apparatus for storing data in a database, as claimed in claim 34, wherein said

storage locations of said protocol encoded raw form and said syntax-[normalised] normalized form of data are correlated in said at least two tables.

36. (Withdrawn) A database apparatus for storing data in a database, as claimed in claim 32, further comprising:

means for applying directory service attribute syntax rules to the raw data.

- 37. (Withdrawn) An apparatus for enabling data to be arranged and/or stored in a database used in a directory service system, comprising:
 - means for applying directory service attribute syntaxes rules to the data;

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- means for creating a normalised form of the data; and
- c. means for storing said data and the normalised form of the data concurrently in at least one table.
- 38. (Withdrawn) An apparatus for enabling data to be arranged and/or stored in a database as claimed in claim 37, wherein said at least one table comprises a plurality of columns and a plurality of rows, and said storing step comprises storing said data and said normalised form of the data in related locations.
- 39. (Withdrawn) An apparatus for enabling data to be arranged and/or stored in a database as claimed in claim 38, wherein said locations in a table are related by being in a common row.
- 40. (Withdrawn) An apparatus for enabling data to be arranged and/or stored in a database as claimed in claim 37 wherein said at least one table comprises a HIERARCHY table and an OBJECT table.
- 41. (Currently Amended) An apparatus for locating data in a database, wherein said data is stored in [a] at least two tables in a protocol encoded raw form and linked to a concurrently stored syntax-[normalised] normalized form of the data, comprising:

means for locating said protocol encoded raw form of the data by searching on said syntax-[normalised] normalized form of the data.

42. (Withdrawn) An apparatus for locating data in a database, as claimed in claim 41

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wherein said searching is performed using SQL.

- 43. (Withdrawn) An apparatus for locating data in a database, as claimed in claim 41, wherein said searching is performed on an OBJECT table, comprising a plurality of columns and a plurality of rows.
- 44. (Withdrawn) An apparatus for formatting a find request for a database having stored therein objects including attributes each having a type and value(s), the apparatus including:
 - a. means for creating a database representation of the type (AID), and
 - b. means for creating a database representation of the value(s) (NORM).
- 45. (Withdrawn) An apparatus as claimed in claim 4,, wherein said means for creating is operative to create a representation by looking up an ATTRIBUTE table.
- 46. (Withdrawn) An apparatus as claimed in claim 45, wherein said means for creating is operative to create the data base representation by a means for applying syntax normalization.
- 47. (Withdrawn) An apparatus as claimed in claim 44 is operative to determine AID and / or NORM.
- 48. (Withdrawn) An apparatus as claimed in claim 45 is operative to determine AID and / or NORM.

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- 49. (Withdrawn) An apparatus as claimed in claim 46 is operative to determine AID and / or NORM.
- 50. (Withdrawn) An apparatus as claimed in claims 46, wherein the means for applying uses SQL.
- 51. (Withdrawn) An apparatus for locating objects stored in a database, the apparatus comprising means for applying AID and NORM to determine a matching object (EID).
- 52. (Withdrawn) An apparatus as claimed in claim 51, wherein the means for applying uses SQL.
- 53. (Withdrawn) An apparatus for retrieving contents of object(s) from a database, the apparatus comprising:
 - a. means for finding row(s) which match a predetermined EID(s).
 - 54. (Withdrawn) An apparatus as claimed in claim 53, further comprising:
 - b. means for returning from the row(s), EID, AID and a raw form.
 - 55. (Withdrawn) An apparatus as claimed in claim 54, further comprising:
- c. means for converting the output of the means for returning into objects containing attribute(s), each attribute having a type and value(s).

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56. (Currently Amended) In a directory service system, having a database in which data is stored in at least two tables in a first form, being a protocol encoded raw form, and a second form, being a syntax-[normalised] normalized form, apparatus for transferring data into and out of the database, comprising:

means for finding data in the database using a syntax-[normalised] normalized form; and means for transferring data out of the database using a protocol encoded raw form.

- 57. (Previously Amended) A computer program product, including a storage medium for storing a computer program, the computer program being executable to perform a method as claimed in any one of claims 1-5.
- 58. (Currently Amended) A method as claimed in any one of claims 1-[6]5 [and 27-29] wherein the protocol encoded raw form of data is stored in ASN.1 format.
- 59. (Withdrawn) A directory service system as claimed in any one of claims 30 and 56 wherein the raw form of data is stored in ASN.1 format.
- 60. (Currently Amended) An apparatus as claimed in any one of claims 31-[43]35 and 41 wherein said protocol encoded raw data or data is stored in ASN.1 format.
 - 61. (Previously Cancelled)